UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORKX	
IGOR LEONID ALEINER	Cv. 08cv0909
A76-110-361	
Plaintiff,	ECF CASE
- against -	COMPLAINT
ANDREA QUARANTILLO,	
New York District Director of the United	<b>Judge Jones</b>
States Citizenship and Immigration Services,	
<b>Defendant.</b>	

Plaintiff, Mr. Igor Leonid Aleiner (hereinafter "Plaintiff" or Mr. Aleiner") by his attorneys, BRETZ & COVEN, LLP, hereby alleges, upon information and belief, as follows:

### I. INTRODUCTION

1. This is a civil action brought by the Plaintiff to compel the Defendant and those acting under her to take action on the Plaintiff's Application for Naturalization (Form N-400) that was filed with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services ("USCIS") and on which Defendant and those acting under her have failed to take timely action. Plaintiff's N-400 application has been pending since May 26, 2005. He was interviewed on his N-400 application on December 15, 2005. The Defendant and those acting under her have failed to take timely action on adjudicating the naturalization application, as it has been more than 120 days since Mr. Aleiner's interview, and a decision has not been rendered on the application.

#### **JURISDICTION** II.

- 2. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to Immigration and Nationality Act ("INA") § 336(b), 8 U.S.C. § 1447(b), which provides: "[i]f there is a failure to make a determination under section 335 before the end of the 120-day period after the date on which the examination is conducted under such section, the applicant may apply to the United States district court for the district in which the applicant resides for a hearing on the matter." INA § 336(b), 8 U.S.C. § 1447(b).
- This Court also has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 3. (federal subject matter jurisdiction) in conjunction with the Administrative Procedure Act ("APA") (5 U.S.C. § 555(b) and the Immigration and Nationality Act ("INA") and regulations implementing it (Title 8 of the C.F.R.).
- 4. In addition, under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, "(t)he district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States." There is jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because this action arises under 28 U.S.C. § 1361 (mandamus), the APA (5 U.S.C. § 555(b) and 5 U.S.C. § 702, and the INA and regulations implementing it (Title 8 of the C.F.R.).
- 5. The APA requires the USCIS to carry out its duties within a reasonable time. The provision of the APA that provides this is 5 U.S.C. § 555(b), which states that "(w)ith due regard for the convenience and necessity of the parties or their representatives and within a reasonable time, each agency shall proceed to conclude a matter presented to it." The USCIS is subject to 5 U.S.C. § 555(b). Mr. Aleiner contends that the delays in processing his petition to remove conditions on residence and his naturalization application are unreasonable.

- 6. This Court also has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1361 (mandamus). Under 28 U.S.C. § 1361, "(t)he district courts shall have original jurisdiction of any action in the nature of mandamus to compel an officer or employee of the United States or any agency thereof to perform a duty owed to the plaintiff."
- 7. Both the regulations and the INA provide numerous examples of duties owed by the USCIS in the application for naturalization process. 8 U.S.C. § 1103 states that "[t]he Attorney General shall be charged with the administration and enforcement of this chapter and all other laws relating to the immigration and naturalization of aliens." (Emphasis added). The Code of Federal Regulations further provides that "[a] decision to grant or deny the application shall be made at the time of the initial examination or within 120 days after the date of the initial examination of the applicant for naturalization under § 335.2," and, most importantly, that "[t]he applicant shall be notified that the application has been granted or denied and, if the application has been granted, of the procedure to be followed for the administration of the oath of allegiance pursuant to part 337 of this chapter." 8 C.F.R. § 335.3 (emphasis added). The language of the statute and the regulations is mandatory, not discretionary, and requires the Defendant to adjudicate Plaintiff's application for naturalization.

#### III. **VENUE**

8. Venue of this action is proper under INA § 336(b), 8 U.S.C. § 1447(b). The Plaintiff resides at 460 Riverside Dr., #41, New York, NY 10027, which is within the jurisdiction of this Court.

#### IV. **PARTIES**

9. Plaintiff is a native and citizen of Russia. On August 16, 2000, he was granted lawful permanent resident status. On May 26, 2005, he filed Form N-400 Application for

Naturalization. On December 15, 2005, he was interviewed on his N-400 application. The USCIS has yet to take action on the application, even though he was interviewed on the application almost two years ago.

10. Defendant Andrea Quarantillo is sued in her official capacity. She is the New York City District Director of the USCIS. As such, she is the Department of Homeland Security Secretary's designate for the New York City District, charged with the duty of administration and enforcement of all the functions, powers, and duties of the USCIS.

## V. FACTS

- 11. Mr. Aleiner is a native and citizen of Russia. He is a professor of Physics at Columbia University in New York, New York.
  - 12. He was born on July 29, 1967, in Russia.
- 13. On October 18, 1999, Mr. Aleiner married his wife Veronika Vladimirovna Aleiner, with whom they had two children together: Mary Veronika Aleiner, born on October 19, 2002, in New York, New York, and Julie Rebecca Aleiner, born on August 17, 2004, in New York, New York.
- 14. On August 16, 2000, legacy Immigration and Naturalization Service ("INS"), now USCIS, conferred upon Mr. Aleiner lawful permanent status as an alien of extraordinary ability. On the same date, INS conferred upon Mrs. Aleiner lawful permanent resident status as Mr. Aleiner's spouse derivative beneficiary.
- 15. On May 26, 2005, Mr. and Mrs. Aleiner filed their own Form N-400 Application for Naturalization. On December 15, 2005, they were interviewed on their N-400 applications at the same time before the same Naturalization Examiner 26 Federal Plaza in New York City.

  Only 15 days after the interview, Mrs. Aleiner was naturalized as a U.S. citizen. However, the

USCIS has yet to take action on Mr. Aleiner's naturalization application, even though he was interviewed on the application almost two years ago and at the same time as his wife.

16. The most recent status inquiry on Mr. Aleiner's N –400 was hand delivered to the Naturalization Unit, addressed to the Section Chief of the Naturalization Unit, Ms. Enrica Troy, on November 27, 2007. No response was given by the Naturalization Unit.

### VI. **REQUEST FOR RELIEF COUNT ONE**

(Unreasonable Delay)

- The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 16 above are repeated and 17. realleged as though fully set forth herein.
  - 18. Plaintiff has complied with all of the requirements for naturalization.
- 19. Defendant owes Mr. Aleiner a duty to act upon his application for naturalization. Pursuant to INA § 336(b), 8 U.S.C. § 1447(b) and 8 C.F.R. § 335.3(a), Defendant is required to make a decision on such applications within 120 days from the day of an interview. However, Defendant has unreasonably failed to perform that duty.
- 20. Defendant owes Plaintiff a duty to adjudicate his naturalization application and has unreasonably failed to perform that duty. This duty is owed under the INA and regulations, as well as the fact that by charging a processing fee for each application the USCIS creates an obligation to adjudicate the application. The duty to render a decision on Mr. Aleiner's naturalization application is a nondiscretionary one. The duty can be compelled by this Court.
- 21. Defendant's failure to take action on Mr. Aleiner's application for naturalization is in violation of the INA and the APA.
  - 22. The delay in adjudicating the application is not attributable to Plaintiff.
  - 23. The delay is unreasonable per se.

- 24. The delay is unreasonable in light of the USCIS' estimated processing times and press releases claiming improved processing times and increased efficiency, which indicate that naturalization applications are processed in less time.
- 25. The delay is unreasonable in light of the fact that the USCIS has been unable to adequately respond to any of Plaintiff's or his representatives' inquiries on his naturalization application. As a result, his case is in an indefinite administrative limbo.
- 26. By making numerous inquiries on the status of his applications, Plaintiff has exhausted any administrative remedies that may exist. No other remedy exists to resolve Defendant's delay and refusal to rule on the petition to remove the conditions on his residence and his application for naturalization.
- 27. Upon information and belief, Mr. Uyanik's fingerprints will expire again. Without judicial intervention, Mr. Uyanik will be in an administrative limbo because the unreasonable delay caused by USCIS in adjudicating Mr. Uyanik's naturalization application leads to repeated expiration of Mr. Uyanik's fingerprints.

**WHEREFORE**, and in light of the foregoing, Plaintiff prays that the Court:

- A. Assume jurisdiction herein;
- В. Compel the Defendant and those acting under her to perform their duty to adjudicate the application for naturalization;
  - C. Grant attorney's fees and costs of court; and
  - Grant such other and further relief, as the Court deems appropriate and just. D.

Dated: New York, New York January 25, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

BRETZ & COVEN, LLP 305 Broadway, Suite 100 New York, NY 10007 (212) 267-2555

/s/Eileen Collins Bretz EB 0909

# **VERIFICATION**

Eileen Collins Bretz, under penalty of perjury, states that the following:

- 1. That I am an attorney admitted to practice before this Court. I am employed by Bretz and Coven, LLP, the attorney for the Plaintiff in the foregoing Complaint.
- 2. I affirm the truth of the contents of the foregoing Complaint upon information and belief. The sources of my information and belief are documents provided to me by, and conversations with the Plaintiff.

Dated: New York, NY January 25, 2008

> /s/Eileen Collins Bretz EB 0909